MPSC CIVIL MES PRE EXAM SYLLABUS

1	मराठी (10 marks)				
	सर्व सामान्य शब्दसमूह, वाक्यरचना, व्याकरण, म्हणी व वाक्यप्रचार यांचा अर्थ व उपयोग तसेच				
उताऱ्यावरील प्रश्नांची उत्तरे.					
2	? इंग्रजी : (10 marks)				
	Common Vocabulary, Sentence structure, Grammar, Use of Idioms & phrases and the				
	meaning and comprehension of passage.				
3	सामान्य अध्ययन-: (20 marks)				
	(1) भारताचा विशेषतः महाराष्ट्राचा इतिहास (1857 ते 1990)				
	(2) भारताचा विशेषतः महाराष्ट्राचा भूगोल				
	(3) भारतीय अर्थव्यवस्था				
	1. भारतीय आयात - निर्यात				
	2. राष्ट्रीय विकासात सरकारी, सहकारी, ग्रामीण बँकांची भूमिका				
	3. शासकीय अर्थव्यवस्था - अर्थसंकल्प, लेखा, लेखापरीक्षण, इत्यादी.				
	4. पंचवार्षिक योजना				
	5. किंमती वाढण्याची कारणे व उपाय.				
(4) भारतीय राज्यव्यवस्था					
	(5) जागतिक तसेच भारतातील चालू घडामोडी :- राजकीय, औद्योगिक, आर्थिक, सामाजिक,				
	शैक्षणि <mark>क, भौ</mark> गोलिक, खगोलशास्त्रीय, सांस्कृतिक, वैज्ञानिक, इत्यादी.				
11/	(6) पर्यावरण :- मानवी विकास व पर्यावरण, पर्यावरण-पूरक विकास, नैसर्गिक साधनसंपत्तीचे				
To see	संधारण विशेषतः वनसंधारण, विविध प्रकारची प्रदूषणे व पर्यावरणीय आपत्ती, पर्यावरण संवर्धनात				
कार्यरत असलेल्या राज्य / राष्ट्र/ जागतिक पातळीवरील संघटना / संस्था.					
4.	. अभियांत्रिकी अभियोग्यता चाचणी (Engineering aptitude test):- (60 marks)				
	Applied Machanics (Mathematics) (16 marks)				
1	Matrices — Types of Matrices (Symmetric, Skew-symmetric, Hermitian, Skew Hermitian,				
a	Unitary, Orthogal Matrices), properties of Matrices, Rank of a Matrix using Echelon				
9	forms, reduction to normal form, PAQ in normal form, system of homogeneous and non-				
	homogeneous equations. Linear dependent and independent vectors.				
	Partial Differentiation - Partial Differentiation; Partial derivatives of fast and higher order.				
b	Total differentials, differentiation of composite and implicit functions. Elder's theorem on				
	homogeneous functions with two and three independent variables. Deductions from				
	Euler's Theorem.				
	Applications of Partial Differentiation, Expansion of Functions, Maxima and Minima of				
С	function of two independent variables, Jacobian, Taylor's Theorem and Taylor's series, Machlaurin's series.				
	Muchidum series.				

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	С	Applications of Partial Differentiation, Expansion of Functions, Maxima and
		Minima of function of two independent variables, Jacobian, Taylor's Theorem
		and Taylor's series, Machlaurin's series.
		Linear Differential Equations with Constant Coefficients and Variable
	d	Coefficients of Higher Order — Linear Differential Equation with constant
		coefficients — complementary function, particular integrals of differential
		equation, Cauchy's homogeneous linear differential equation and Legendre's
		differential equation, Method of variation of parameters.
	е	Differentiation under Integral sign, Numerical Integration -Differentiation under
		Integral sign
		with constant limits of integration,
		Numerical Integration by (a) Trapezoidal (b) Simpson's 1/3 (c) Simpson's 3/8 rule.
F		Double Integration —Change the order of integration, Evaluation of double
	f	integrals by changing the order of integration and changing to polar form.
F		Triple Integration and Application of Multiple Integrals — Application of double
	g	integrals to compute Area, Mass, Volume. Application of triple integral to
)	compute volume.
	II	Engineering Mechanics – (14 marks)
F		System of Coplanar Forces – Resultant of concurrent forces, parallel forces &
	a.	Non concurrent Non parallel system of forces. Moment of force about any point,
		Couples, Varignon's theorem. Distributed forces in plane. Centroid and Centre
		of Gravity, Moment of Inertia & its theorem.
-	b.	Condition of equilibrium for concurrent forces, Parallel forces and Non
		concurrent Non parallel general system of forces & couples. Types of supports,
		loads, beams. Analysis of trusses.
-		Laws of friction, Cone of friction, Equilibrium of bodies on inclined plane.
	C.	Application of problems involving wedges, ladders, screw friction.
_		Kinematics of particle: - Velocity and acceleration in terms of rectangular
		coordinate system, Rectilinear motion. Motion along plane curved path.
		Tangential and Normal components of acceleration. Motion Curves (a-t, v-t, s-t
J		curves). Projectile motion. Relative motion. Newton's second law, work energy
	d.	principle, D'Alembert's principles, equation of dynamic equilibrium. Moment of
ŀ	48	Energy principles: Linear momentum, principle of conservation of momentum,
	ST.	Impact of solid bodies, direct and oblique impact, impact of solid bodies, semi
		elastic impact and plastic impact.
Ī	III	Elements of Civil Engineering (10 marks)
	a.	Materials and Construction –
		Use of basic materials cement, bricks, stone, natural and artificial sand,
	(1)	Reinforcing Steel- Mild, Tor and High Tensile Steel.
		Concrete types – PCC, RCC, Pre-stressed and Precast. Introduction to smart
		materials. Recycling of materials.
	(2)	Substructure – Function of foundations, (Only concepts of settlement and
		Bearing capacity of soils). Types of shallow foundations, (only concept of friction
		and bearing pile).

[Superstructure – Types of loads :- DL and LL, wind loads, earthquake
	(3)	considerations. Types of construction – Load bearing, framed, composite.
		Fundamental requirements of masonary.
	(4)	Introduction to automation in construction :- Concept, need, examples related
	(4)	to different civil engineering projects.
	b.	Uses of maps and field surveys -
		Various types of maps and their uses. Principles of surveys. Modern survey
	(1)	method using levels, Theodolite, EDM, lasers, total stations and GPS. Introduction
		to digital mapping. Measuring areas from maps using digital planimeter.
		Conducting simple and differential leveling for seeking out various benchmarks,
	(2)	determining the elevation of different points and preparation of contour maps.
	(2)	Introduction to GIS Software and other surveying soft-wares with respect to their
		capabilities and application areas.
	IV	Elements of Mechanical Engineering (10 marks)
		Thermodynamics- Thermodynamic work, p-dV work in various process, p-V
		representation of various thermodynami <mark>c pr</mark> ocesses and cycles. Ideal gas
	(1)	equation, properties of pure substance, Statements of 1st and 1Ind law of
		thermodynamics and their applications in mechanical engineering. Carnot
		cycle for Heat engine, refrigerator and heat pump.
	(0)	Heat transfer – Statement and explanation of Fourier's Law of heat conduction,
	(2)	Newton's law of cooling, Stefan Boltzmann's law. Conducting and insulation
		materials and their properties. Selection of heat sink and heat source.
	(3)	Power plants – Thermal, Hydro-electric, nuclear and solar wind hybrid power plants
		Machine elements: Power transmission shafts, axles, keys, bush and ball
	(4)	bearings, Flywheel and Governors.
		Powe <mark>r Transmission Devices – Types</mark> of belts and belt drives, Chain drives, type of
	(5)	gears, Types of couplings, friction clutch (cone and single plate), brakes (types
	11/	and application only). Application of these devices.
	15	Mechanism: (Descriptive treatment only) Slider crank mechanism, Four bar chain
me	(6)	mechanism, List of various inversions of four bar chain mechanism, Geneva
	X	mechanism, Ratchet and Paul mechanism.
13	SPE	Materials use in Engineering and their Application Metals – Ferrous and Non-
11/4	(7)	ferrous, Non metallic materials, Material selection criteria, Design consideration,
		Steps in Design.
		Introduction to Manufacturing processes and Their Applications – Casting,
	(8)	Sheet metal forming, Sheet-metal cutting, Forging Fabrication, Metal joining
		processes.
		Machine Tools (Basic elements, Working principle and types of operations) Lathe
	(9)	Machine - Centre Lathe Drilling Machine - Study of pillar drilling machine.
	` '	Introduction to NC and CNC machine, grinding machine, Power saw, Milling
		Machine.
	V	Elements of Electrical Engineering (10 marks)

	(1)	D.C. circuits: Kirchhoff's laws, ideal and practical voltage and current source,
/		Mesh and nodal analysis (super node and super mesh excluded), Source
'		transformation, Star-delta transformation, Superposition theorem, Thevein's
		theorem, Norton's theorem, Maximum power transfer theorem.
		A.C. Circuits: Generation of alternating voltage and current, RMS and average
1,		value, form factor, crest factor, AC through resistance, inductance and
(4		capacitance, R-L, R-C, and R-L-C series and parallel circuits, phasor diagrams,
		power and power factor, series and parallel resonance, Q-factor and bandwidth
	(3)	Three phase circuits - Three phase voltage and current generation, star and
1		delta connections (balanced load only), relationship between phase and line
,		currents and voltages, Phasor diagrams, Basic principle of wattmeter,
		measurement of power by two wattmeter method.
		Single phase transformer: Construction, working principle, Emf equation, ideal
(4	(4)	and practical transformer, transformer on no load and on load, phasor diagrams,
		equivalent circuit, O.C. and S.C. test, Efficiency.

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